

**HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION
PROPOSED BRIARWOOD HILLSBURGH DEVELOPMENT
5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario**

Prepared for:

Hillsburgh Heights Inc.

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Prepared by:



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Project No. 2100428AH

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Email: Fausto@briarwoodhomes.ca

Attention: Mr. Fausto Saponara

Dear Mr. Saponara

**RE: Hydrogeological Investigation for Proposed Briarwood Hillsburgh Development
5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario**

HLV2K Engineering Limited (HLV2K) is pleased to provide the hydrogeological investigation report for the above mentioned project. The report presents HLV2K's understanding of the hydrogeological setting of the study area based on exploratory drilling, data collection, analyses, and review.

We trust that this information meets your present requirements. If we can be of additional assistance in this regard, please contact this office.

For and on behalf of HLV2K Engineering Limited,

k. Mohammadi

Kourosch Mohammadi, Ph.D., P.Eng.

President & Principal Engineer

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LIST OF ACRONYMS AND DEFINITIONS

BH	Borehole
EASR	Environmental Activity and Sector Registry
K	Hydraulic Conductivity
GPM	Gallon per Minute
mbgs	Metres Below Ground Surface
MECP	Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks
O.Reg.903	Ontario's Wells Regulation
PTTW	Permit To Take Water

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 General

HLV2K Engineering Limited (HLV2K) was retained by Hillsburgh Heights Inc. (the Client) with a proposal to conduct the hydrogeological investigations for the proposed Briarwood Hillsburgh Development located at 5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario (the Site). The Site is situated in a mixed rural, residential, and agricultural area. It is on the west side of Trafalgar Road, between Sideroad 27 to the north and Upper Canada Drive to the south. The Site is surrounded by residential housing, agricultural fields, and forested area.

At the time of investigation, the Site was vacant and covered by grass. There are two residential houses within the property. The total area of the Site is approximately 46.9 hectares (ha).

Based on the information provided by the client, the proposed development will consist of 195 single family residential lots, 174 townhouse units, one (1) school block, one (1) heritage house, two (2) storm water management (SWM) facilities, one (1) park block, and new private roads with total area of 40.4 ha. The subdivision will be fully connected to municipal services (municipal water and sanitary sewers). The location of the Site is shown on **Figure 1**.

1.2 Purpose

The purpose of the hydrogeological investigation was to characterize the existing hydrogeological conditions at and in the vicinity of the Site, assess the need for, and options for, groundwater control in association with the proposed construction, evaluate potential impacts to the local groundwater regime resulting from the proposed construction, and identify appropriate mitigative measures, as warranted.

This hydrogeological study may be utilized in support for an application for a Permit to Take Water (PTTW) for dewatering purposes during construction or registering in Environmental Activity and Sector Registry (EASR), if necessary. The purpose of completing the PTTW / EASR application is to conduct the work in compliance with Ontario Regulation 387/04 (as amended) and the Ontario Water Resources Act (OWRA). The water taking EASR is for construction projects that require more than 50,000 liters per day (L/day) of water and less than 400,000 L/day under normal conditions. A PTTW is required for any surface water or groundwater taking during construction in excess of 400 cubic metres per day (m³/day).

2 METHOD OF INVESTIGATION

2.1 General

This hydrogeological study began with a review of previously completed geotechnical and environmental reports and published information for the study area, including previously published regional physiographic and geologic mapping and watershed planning reports. Many of these documents are referred to throughout various sections of this report and the relevant details can be found in the References section following the text of the report.

In particular, the work completed in association with this hydrogeological study consisted of the following tasks:

- Reviewing and interpreting available reports and published data;
- Developing Health & Safety and Sampling and Analysis Plans for work at the Site;
- Assessing the current Site conditions, and areas of interest;
- Installing five (5) monitoring wells;
- Reviewing water well records available from the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP);
- Developing the groundwater monitoring wells installed on the Site by removing at least three well volumes of groundwater or two times to dry;
- Performing in-situ hydraulic conductivity testing (slug tests) to assess the aquifer permeability;
- Measuring groundwater levels in each of the monitoring wells located at the Site;
- Evaluating proposed construction dewatering requirements; and
- Prepare a final report on the findings of this investigation.

2.2 Boreholes and Monitoring Wells

HLV2K drilled five (5) boreholes on September 1 and 7, 2021 and installed five (5) monitoring wells (MW1 to MW5) for groundwater monitoring and sampling. One monitoring well (MW1) was installed at approximate depth of 10 m below ground surface (mbgs) and others were installed at approximately 6.2 mbgs. Borehole logs for all boreholes are provided in **Appendix A**. One piezometer to approximate depth of 1 mbgs was installed close to the wetland to monitor the shallow water level close to the wetland. In addition, HLV2K drilled 4 test holes to approximate depth of 2.4 mbgs for percolation tests.

The well survey was conducted using a GPS unit (Sokkia GCX3 with SHC500 controller). The monitoring well, test holes, and piezometer locations are shown in **Figure 2**. The details of construction of the monitoring wells are summarized in **Table 1**.

It should be noted that the ground surface elevations noted on the appended borehole logs are approximate and were used for the purpose of relating borehole soil stratigraphy and should not be used or relied on for other purposes.

Table 1: Information on Boreholes and Groundwater Monitoring Wells

MW ID	Estimated Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Borehole Bottom		Well Screen Interval Depth (mbgs)		Well Screen Interval Elevation (m)	
		Depth (mbgs)	Elevation (m)	from	to	from	to
MW1	473.50	9.8	463.70	6.65	9.7	466.85	463.80
MW2	469.37	6.2	463.17	3.05	6.1	466.32	463.27
MW3	471.00	6.3	464.70	3.15	6.2	467.85	464.80
MW4	458.48	6.7	451.78	3.55	6.6	454.93	451.88
MW5	454.05	6.5	447.55	3.35	6.4	450.70	447.65
Piezometer	448.19	0.9	447.29	0.3	0.9	447.89	447.29

2.3 Groundwater Monitoring

As part of this investigation, HLV2K visited the site on September 17th and 30th to measure the groundwater levels in the monitoring wells. Groundwater was encountered only in MW5 and the rest of the wells were found dry.

2.4 In-Situ Hydraulic Conductivity Testing

Monitoring wells were dry except MW5. The depth of the water in MW5 was not enough to conduct hydraulic conductivity test. Wells will be revisited in spring when the high groundwater level is expected. If enough water is encountered in any of the wells, the hydraulic conductivity test will be conducted.

2.5 In-Situ Percolation Test

HLV2K's staff visited the Site on September 1st and 7th, 2021. After receiving utility locates, four (4) 150-mm borehole was drilled to approximate depth of 2.4 m below ground surface (mbgs). All loose material was removed from the sides and bottom of the hole. **Figure 2** shows the location of the test holes. Groundwater level was measured in the monitoring well in vicinity of the test hole.

The installed monitoring wells were used to measure the groundwater levels at the time of percolation tests. The borehole logs are provided in **Appendix A**.

The bottom of the hole was covered with 10 cm of sand and then the hole was filled with the water to a depth close to the surface (15 cm to 30 cm below ground surface). The water levels versus time were recorded. Field test measurements are provided in **Appendix B**.

3 SITE CONDITIONS

3.1 Physical Setting

The Site is situated in a mixed rural, residential, and agricultural area. It is on the west side of Trafalgar Road, between Sideroad 27 to the north and Upper Canada Drive to the south. The Site is surrounded by residential housing, agricultural fields, and forested area. According to the Oak Ridges Moraine Atlas which is available online at (<http://www.mah.gov.on.ca/page334.aspx>) and the Niagara Escarpment Plan (NEP) Maps available online at (<http://www.escarpment.org/landplanning>), the Site is not located within an area where either the Oak Ridges Moraine Conservation Plan or the Niagara Escarpment Plan would be applicable.

3.2 Climatic Conditions

Average monthly climate data from an Environment Canada climate station located at the Fergus Shand Dam (Station ID 6142400), approximately 14 km west of the Site, for the period between 1981 and 2010 is provided in **Table 2**, below (Environment Canada, 2021). The data indicates that the climate in the study area is typical continental with cold winters and warm summers and precipitation records showing local seasonal variation. As shown in **Table 2**, below, the mean annual precipitation is 945.7 mm/year, with annual mean rainfall of 797.8 mm/year (84% of total precipitation). Average monthly precipitation ranged from 55.9 mm in February to 96.6 mm in August. The mean annual daily temperature is 6.7 degrees Celsius (°C), ranging from -7.4 °C in January to 20.0 °C in July.

Table 2: Climate Data Summary (1981 – 2010) – Fergus Shand Dam Station (ID 6142400)

MONTH	Daily Average Temperature (°C)	Average Rainfall (mm)	Average Snow (cm)	Average Precipitation (mm)
January	-7.4	27.8	40.1	67.9
February	-6.3	25.3	30.6	55.9
March	-1.9	36.7	22.9	59.6
April	5.7	67.9	6.2	74.1
May	12.2	86.8	0.1	86.9
June	17.5	83.8	0.0	83.8
July	20.0	89.2	0.0	89.2
August	19.0	96.6	0.0	96.6
September	14.9	93.1	0.0	93.1
October	8.3	75.6	1.6	77.2
November	2.1	80.5	12.5	93.0
December	-3.9	34.7	33.9	68.6
Year	6.7	797.8	147.8	945.7

NOTE: Data was obtained from Environment Canada website (Environment Canada 2021).

3.3 Physiography and Drainage

A review of the topographic map provided online by Natural Resources Canada (Toporama) depicts the Site as located within an area that is generally high relief at an approximate elevation of 450 m to 470 m. The project is located in the Little Credit River Watershed within the Credit Valley River Conservation

Authority (CVCA) jurisdiction. The watershed is approximately 1,000 square kilometers (km²). The main branch of the Credit River originates north of Orangeville and flows southerly to Lake Ontario at Port Credit, Mississauga, ON (CVC, 2011).

According to the physiographic regions of Ontario identified by Chapman and Putnam (2007), the Site is located in Hillsburgh Sandhills (**Figure 3**). The Hillsburgh Sandhills physiographic region is found in the northwestern portion of the watershed and consists of coarse-grained sediments. It is an area of high relief with thick deposits of glacial outwash (sandy materials) overlying glacial tills and bedrock (CVC, 2011)

3.4 Geological Mapping

The geology of the Credit River watershed generally consists of ice-contact stratified drift (CVC, 2011). A regional description of the Quaternary geology for the area of the Site can be found on the Ontario Geological Survey Digital Map - Surficial geology of southern Ontario (OGS, 2010). A section of this map showing the surficial geology in the vicinity of the Site is presented on **Figure 4**.

As shown on **Figure 4**, the surficial deposits in the immediate vicinity of the Site are mapped as Orangeville Moraine with materials consisted of sand and gravel including some till or silt. The western side of the Site is modern alluvial deposits.

Bedrock is comprised of upper Silurian to lower Devonian of Guelph Formation. The bedrock surface is expected to be approximately 60 mbgs. None of the boreholes drilled for this investigation reached the bedrock. **Figure 5** shows the bedrock at the Site and its vicinity.

3.5 Subsurface Soil Conditions

The subsurface soil conditions encountered during boreholes advanced at the Site are shown on the borehole logs in **Appendix A**. A summary of the soil conditions is provided below.

Topsoil with approximate thickness of 200 to 300 mm was encountered in all boreholes. Below the topsoil, a layer of sandy silt to silty sand was encountered at all borehole locations and extended in general to approximately from 1.5 to 3.1 m below the existing ground surface. Organic matter, rootlets, gravel and cobbles were found in this layer. Below this layer, a layer of sand and gravel was encountered in all boreholes and extended to maximum explored depth of 9.8 m.

4 GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS

4.1 Regional Groundwater Recharge

Recharge is the process by which groundwater is replenished and involves the vertical infiltration of water through the subsoil deposits and geologic materials to the saturated zone. The major sources of recharge in the study area are a result of precipitation and freshet. The amount of groundwater recharge in a particular area depends on surficial geology, topography, and the extent of land development in that area. Generally, regional groundwater recharge is irregularly distributed temporally and spatially as interpreted from specific climatic conditions, local geology, and land development status.

The Site is a vacant land and is used for agriculture. Therefore, the groundwater recharge occurs under natural condition. A water balance analysis was completed for the site to estimate the change in water recharge pre and post development and will be presented in the following sections.

4.2 Groundwater Level Fluctuations

The groundwater level data collected from the monitoring wells are provided in **Table 3**, below. The screen elevations of these monitoring wells are shown in **Table 1** above and on the borehole logs provided in **Appendix A**.

Groundwater level monitoring rounds were completed from September 2021 to July 2022. As shown in **Table 3** below, the groundwater has found only in MW5 at approximate elevation of 449.5 m. The rest of the monitoring wells were dry.

Regional groundwater flow in the area typically reflects the local topography and generally occurs from topographic highs to topographic lows. The dominant regional groundwater flow direction is southerly, toward Lake Ontario.

It should be noted that groundwater conditions vary depending on factors such as temperature, season, precipitation, construction activity and other situations, which may be different from those encountered at the time of the monitoring. The possibility of groundwater level fluctuations at the Site should be considered when designing and developing the construction plans for the project.

Table 3: Summary of Groundwater Level Observations in Monitoring Wells

BH ID	MW1		MW2		MW3		MW4		MW5		P1	
Ground Elevation (m)	473.50		469.37		471.00		458.48		454.05		448.19	
Borehole Depth (m)	9.80		6.20		6.30		6.70		6.50		0.90	
	Depth (mbgs)	Elevation (m)	Depth (mbgs)	Elevation (m)	Depth (mbgs)	Elevation (m)	Depth (mbgs)	Elevation (m)	Depth (mbgs)	Elevation (m)	Depth (mbgs)	Elevation (m)
1&7-Sep-21 (at completion)	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry
17-Sep-21	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.64	449.41	Dry	Dry
30-Sep-21	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.70	449.35	Dry	Dry
05-Oct-21	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.64	449.41	Dry	Dry
15-Oct-21	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.65	449.40	Dry	Dry
30-Oct-21	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.69	449.36	Dry	Dry
16-Nov-21	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.67	449.38	Dry	Dry
30-Nov-21	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.65	449.40	Dry	Dry
15-Dec-21	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.66	449.39	Dry	Dry
04-Jan-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.67	449.38	Dry	Dry
17-Jan-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.68	449.37	Dry	Dry
31-Jan-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.68	449.37	Dry	Dry
14-Feb-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.65	449.40	Dry	Dry

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BH ID	MW1		MW2		MW3		MW4		MW5		P1	
Ground Elevation (m)	473.50		469.37		471.00		458.48		454.05		448.19	
Borehole Depth (m)	9.80		6.20		6.30		6.70		6.50		0.90	
28-Feb-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.63	449.42	Dry	Dry
15-Mar-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.55	449.50	Dry	Dry
31-Mar-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.51	449.54	Dry	Dry
12-Apr-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.42	449.63	Dry	Dry
27-Apr-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.35	449.70	Dry	Dry
18-May-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.30	449.75	Dry	Dry
01-Jun-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.28	449.77	Dry	Dry
16-Jun-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.28	449.77	Dry	Dry
30-Jun-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.30	449.75	Dry	Dry
15-Jul-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.34	449.71	Dry	Dry
27-Jul-22	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	4.36	449.69	Dry	Dry

4.3 Percolation Test Results

Table 4 below is the summary of the percolation test results. The selected value for the test presented in the table is the average of final three percolation rates during each test which is closer to the steady-state infiltration rate. Detailed calculations are provided in **Appendix B**.

Table 4: Summary of Infiltration Test Results

Test ID	Hole Depth (mbgs)	Hole Bottom Elevation (m)	Groundwater Depth (mbgs)	Infiltration Rate (mm/hr)	Percolation Time (min/cm)
TP1	2.4	466.3	<9.8 (MW1)	600	1
TP2	2.4	466.7	<6.2 (MW2)	120	5
TP3	1.85	460.5	<6.7 (MW4)	1200	0.5
TP4	2.2	452.8	4.8 (MW5)	300	2

4.4 Groundwater Use in the Study Area

A search of the MECP Water Well Information System (WWIS) database to identify active wells near the Site were conducted. The database search was requested for the area located within 500 m from the Site. The database search identified records for 90 wells.

Figure 5 presents the locations of the identified wells as well as the associated water use categories within 500 m around the Site. A detailed table showing water well record (WRR) information for these wells is provided in **Appendix C**. The classification of these wells is as follows:

- 4 monitoring/observation wells and test hole;
- 16 wells identified as abandoned; and
- 2 wells were not stated;
- 68 wells as water supply wells.

The monitoring wells/test holes identified in the database search are typically interpreted as geotechnical/geological boreholes and normally no water would be obtained or used from these boreholes. The search revealed the presence of 68 domestic water wells or other water supply wells potentially in use in the area of the Site. If groundwater use or dewatering is required for the Site, a door-to-door well survey is recommended.

5 GROUNDWATER DEWATERING ESTIMATES

Details of construction was not provided to HLV2K at the time of this investigation; however, it is our understanding that one level of basement is considered for the houses in this development. **Appendix D** shows the layout of the proposed development. The water level monitored during the investigation shows that dewatering would not be required during the construction to control the groundwater. The monitoring well depths are 6.5 to 9.8 mbgs and no groundwater encountered within this depth except in MW5 at 4.8 mbgs or elevation of 449.3 m. Perch water may be present during the construction and the contractor should be ready to control that water, if encountered.

During the excavation for foundation or underground utilities, rainwater may need to be pumped from the trenches. According to MTO IDF Curve Lookup website¹, 24-hour rainfall with a 2-year return period in Erin area is 56.5 mm. The volume of the water depends on the area of excavation at the time.

6 WELLHEAD PROTECTION AREA

A small portion of the Site (approximately 0.6 ha) in the northeast is located within the Well Head Protection Area A (WHPA-A) which represents a 100 m circle around a municipality water supply well as shown in **Figure 7**. It is also located within the Significant Groundwater Recharge Area (SGRA). A water balance analysis was conducted to estimate the recharge rate in pre and post construction. The results are provided in the following section.

7 PREDICTED EFFECTS

Based on the hydrogeological information and data analysis in this report, the potential impacts to surface water and groundwater resources in the vicinity of the Site due to excavation dewatering for construction of the proposed houses at the Site are described below.

7.1 Groundwater Use

As indicated in Section 4.3, the search of the MECP water well records indicated 68 water supply wells within approximately 500 m of the Site. The area of the Site is currently serviced with a municipal water supply. The groundwater depth at the site is expected to be below basement floor and foundation. However, if groundwater dewatering and/or use is considered for this development, a door-to-door survey is recommended.

7.2 Surface Water Resources

The only surface water feature in the vicinity of the Site is the wetland at the southwest side of the Site (**Figure 8**). Since no groundwater use/dewatering is expected for this development, the impact on surface water is not anticipated. The change in the infiltration rate or runoff due to the development is considered in the water balance analysis.

¹ http://www.mto.gov.on.ca/IDF_Curves

7.3 Potential for Dewatering-Related Consolidation Settlement

Based on the investigation completed, temporary dewatering (i.e. during construction) is not expected. No settlement due to dewatering is expected for this Site.

8 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

Based on the results of the subsurface investigation, hydrogeological assessment, and analysis of hydraulic conductivity testing and groundwater level monitoring data, the following summary of conclusions and recommendations is provided:

- The groundwater was not encountered in any of the monitoring wells within the depth of expected excavation and PTTW/EASR is not required for dewatering during construction. Perched water and rainfall might be present during excavation and the contractor should be ready to deal with the water, if encountered.
- The Site is located within the Significant Groundwater Recharge Area (SGRA). Based on water balance analysis, implementing mitigation measures to reduce the infiltration deficit will assist in maintaining the current level of groundwater contribution to the surface water features. As such, no negative impact is expected if LID measures are implemented to maintain the groundwater recharge similar to the existing conditions.
- A small portion of Site (approximately 0.6 ha) is within the Wellhead Protection Area A (WHPA-A), which represent a 100 m distance from one municipal supply well. The sanitary sewer and stormwater management facility should be designed as per policy SWG-13 and SWG-14 to protect the groundwater quality.
- HLV2K recommends the decommissioning of existing groundwater monitoring wells after completion of the construction of the project. In conformance with Ontario's Wells Regulation (O.Reg.903) of the Ontario Water Resources Act, the installation and eventual decommissioning of groundwater wells must be carried out by a licensed well contractor. If a well is damaged/destroyed during the construction activities, then the well should be properly decommissioned in advance of that work.

9 STATEMENT OF LIMITATIONS

The contents of this report are subject to the attached 'Statement of Limitation' sheet. The reader's attention is specifically drawn to these conditions as it is considered essential that they be followed for proper use and interpretation of this report. The Statement of Limitations is not intended to reduce the level of responsibility accepted by HLV2K, but rather to ensure that all parties who have been given reliance for this report are aware of the responsibilities each assumes in so doing.

This report was prepared by HLV2K exclusively for the account of Hillsburgh Heights Inc. (the CLIENT). Other than by the CLIENT, copying or distribution of this report or use of or reliance on the information contained herein, in whole or in part, is not permitted without the express written permission of HLV2K. Any use, reliance on or decision made by any person other than CLIENT based on this report is the sole responsibility of such other person. The CLIENT and HLV2K make no representation or warranty to any other person with regard to this report and the work referred to in this report and the CLIENT and HLV2K accept no duty of care to any other person or any liability or responsibility whatsoever for any losses, expenses, damages, fines, penalties or other harm that may be suffered or incurred by any other person as a result of the use of, reliance on, any decision made or any action taken based on this report or the work referred to in this report.

10 CLOSURE

We trust that this information is satisfactory for your present requirements. Should you have any questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact this office.

For and Behalf of HLV2K Engineering Limited

K. Mohammadi
Kourosh Mohammadi, PhD, P.Eng.
Principal Hydrogeological Engineer



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HLV2K Engineering Limited

STATEMENT OF LIMITATIONS

Your report has been developed based on your unique project specific requirements as understood by HLV2K Engineering Limited (HLV2K) and applies only to the site investigated. Project criteria typically include the general nature of the project; its size and configuration; the location of any structures on the site; other site improvements; the presence of underground utilities; and the additional risk imposed by scope-of-service limitations imposed by the client. Your report should not be used if there are any changes to the project without first asking HLV2K to assess how factors that changed subsequent to the date of the report affect the report's recommendations. HLV2K cannot accept responsibility for problems that may occur due to changed factors if they are not consulted.

Subsurface conditions are created by natural processes and the activity of man. For example, water levels can vary with time, fill may be placed on a site and pollutants may migrate with time. Because a report is based on conditions, which existed at the time of subsurface exploration, decisions should not be based on a report whose adequacy may have been affected by time. Consult HLV2K to be advised how time may have impacted on the project.

The findings derived from this investigation were based on information collected and/or provided by the Client. It may become apparent that soil and groundwater conditions differ between and beyond the testing locations examined during future investigations or other work that could not be detected or anticipated at the time of this study. As such, HLV2K cannot be held liable for environmental conditions that were not apparent from the available information. The conclusions presented represent the best judgment of the assessors based on limited investigations.

Site assessment identifies actual subsurface conditions only at those points where samples are taken and when they are taken. Data derived from literature, external data source review, sampling, and subsequent laboratory testing are interpreted by geologists, engineers or scientists to provide an opinion about overall site conditions, their likely impact on the proposed development and recommended actions. Actual conditions may differ from those inferred to exist, because no professional, no matter how qualified, can reveal what is hidden by earth, rock and time. The actual interface between materials may be far more gradual or abrupt than assumed based on the facts obtained. Nothing can be done to change the actual site conditions, which exist, but steps can be taken to reduce the impact of unexpected conditions. For this reason, owners should retain the services of HLV2K through the development stage, to identify variances, conduct additional tests if required, and recommend solutions to problems encountered on site.

Your report is based on the assumption that the site conditions as revealed through selective point sampling are indicative of actual conditions throughout an area. This assumption cannot be substantiated until project implementation has commenced and therefore your report recommendations can only be regarded as preliminary. Only HLV2K, who prepared the report, is fully familiar with the background information needed to assess whether or not the report's recommendations are valid and whether or not changes should be considered as the project develops. If another party undertakes the implementation of the recommendations of this report there is a risk that the report will be misinterpreted and HLV2K cannot be held responsible for such misinterpretation.

To avoid misuse of the information contained in your report it is recommended that you confer with HLV2K before passing your report on to another party who may not be familiar with the background and the purpose of the report. Your report should not be applied to any project other than that originally specified at the time the report was issued.

HLV2K Engineering Limited

Costly problems can occur when other design professionals develop their plans based on misinterpretations of a report. To help avoid misinterpretations, retain HLV2K to work with other project design professionals who are affected by the report. Have HLV2K explain the report implications to design professionals affected by them and then review plans and specifications produced to see how they incorporate the report findings.

The report as a whole presents the findings of the site assessment and the report should not be copied in part or altered in any way.

Logs, figures, drawings, etc. are customarily included in our reports and are developed by scientists, engineers or geologists based on their interpretation of field logs (assembled by field personnel) and laboratory evaluation of field samples. These logs etc. should not under any circumstances be redrawn for inclusion in other documents or separated from the report in any way.

Your report is not likely to relate any findings, conclusions, or recommendations about the potential for hazardous materials existing at the site unless specifically required to do so by the client. Specialist equipment, techniques, and personnel are used to perform a geoenvironmental assessment.

Contamination can create major health, safety and environmental risks. If you have no information about the potential for your site to be contaminated or create an environmental hazard, you are advised to contact HLV2K for information relating to geoenvironmental issues.

HLV2K is familiar with a variety of techniques and approaches that can be used to help reduce risks for all parties to a project, from design to construction. It is common that not all approaches will be necessarily dealt with in your site assessment report due to concepts proposed at that time. As the project progresses through design towards construction, speak with HLV2K to develop alternative approaches to problems that may be of genuine benefit both in time and in cost.

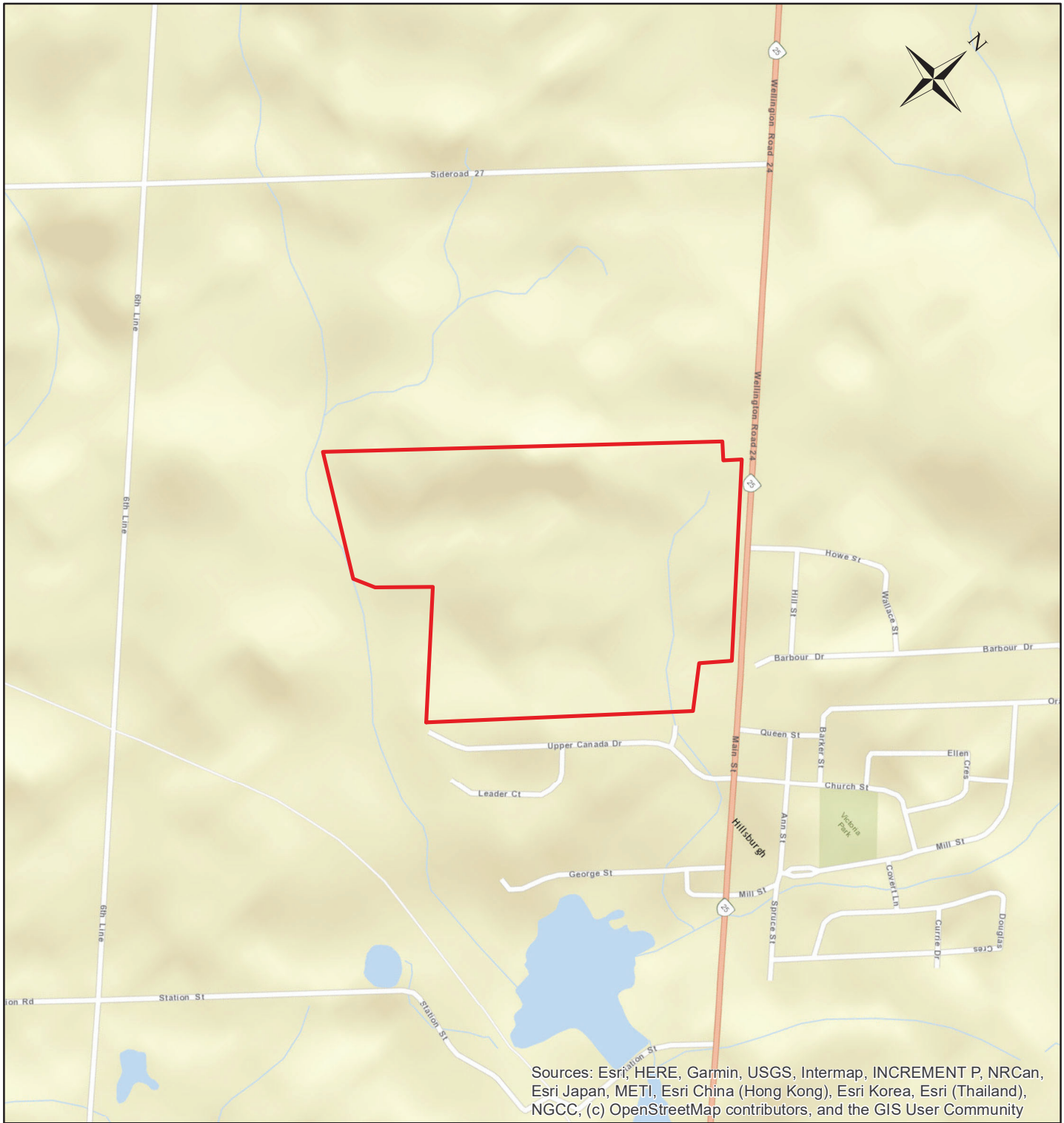
Reporting relies on interpretation of factual information based on judgement and opinion and has a level of uncertainty attached to it, which is far less exact than the design disciplines. This has often resulted in claims being lodged against consultants, which are unfounded. To help prevent this problem, a number of clauses have been developed for use in contracts, reports and other documents. Responsibility clauses do not transfer appropriate liabilities from HLV2K to other parties but are included to identify where HLV2K's responsibilities begin and end. Their use is intended to help all parties involved to recognise their individual responsibilities. Read all documents from HLV2K closely and do not hesitate to ask any questions you may have.

Third party information reviewed and used to formulate this report is assumed to be complete and correct. HLV2K used this information in good faith and will not accept any responsibility for deficiencies, misinterpretation or incompleteness of the information contained in documents prepared by third parties.

Nothing in this report is intended to constitute or provide a legal opinion.

Should additional information become available, HLV2K requests that this information be brought to our attention so that we may re-assess the conclusions presented herein.

FIGURES







Legend


 Site Boundary

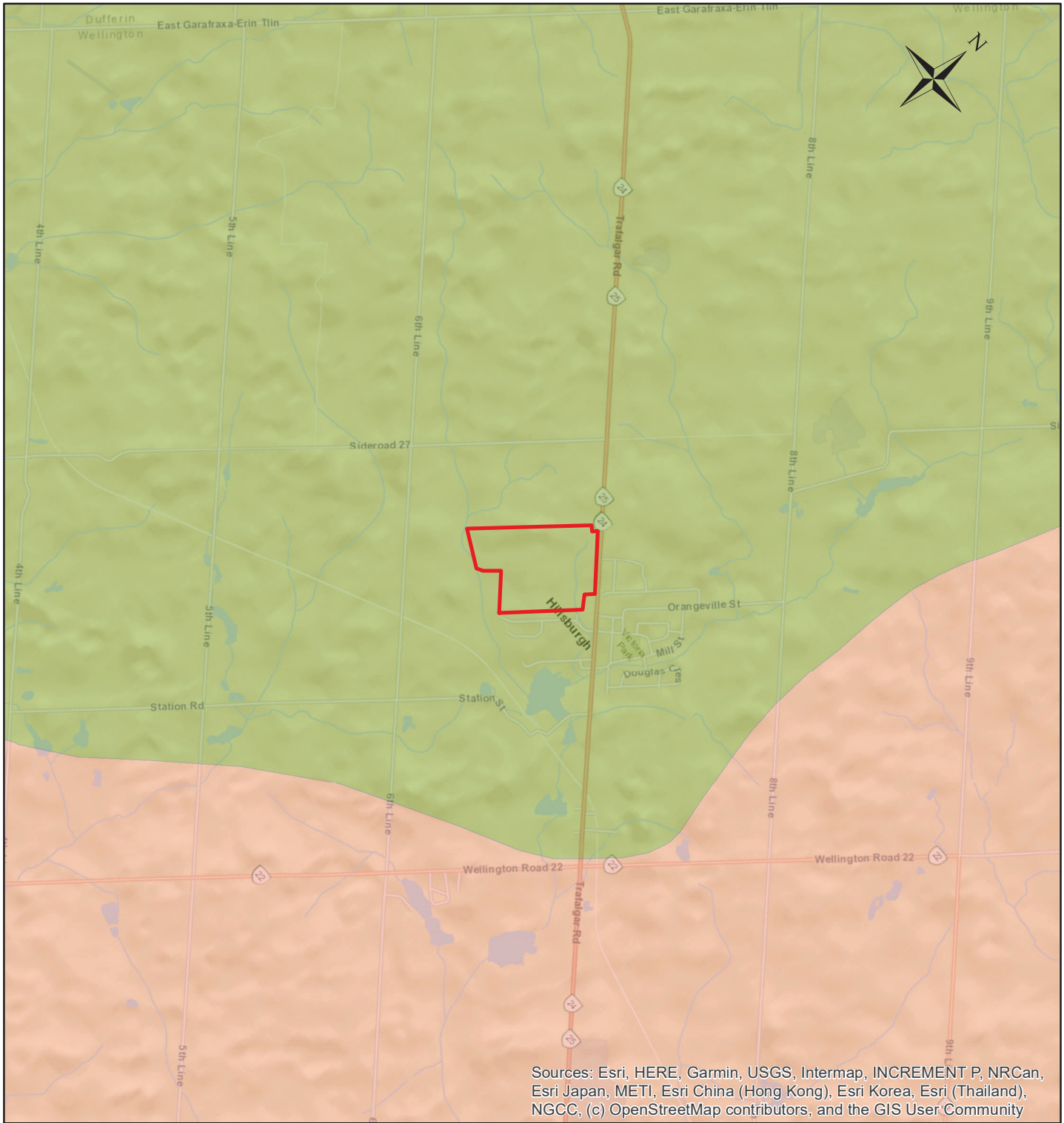
Drawn: MM	Title SITE LOCATION PLAN	
Approved: KM	Project	
Date: SEP. 2021	HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION	
Project No.: 2100428AH	5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario	
	Client Hillsburgh Heights Inc.	
	0 105 210 420 Meters	FIGURE 1



Legend



-  Monitoring Wells/Boreholes
-  Piezometer Percolation Test
-  Site Boundary
- 

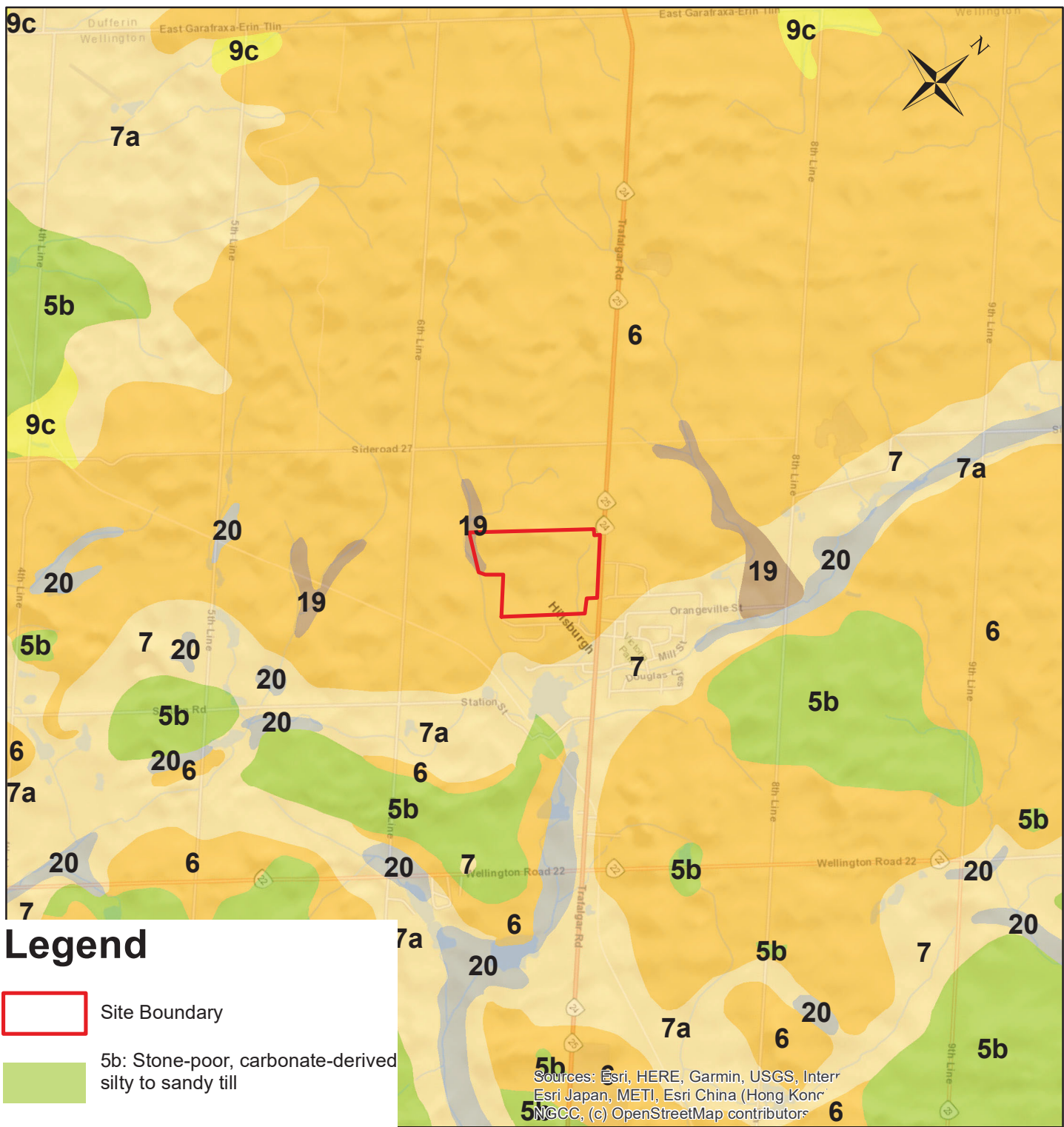
Drawn: MM	Title BOREHOLES LOCATION PLAN	
Approved: KM	Project	
Date: SEP. 2021	HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION 5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario	
Project No.: 2100428AH		
	Client Hillsburgh Heights Inc.	
	0 40 80 160 Meters	FIGURE 2



Legend

- Site Boundary
- 9, Hillsburgh Sandhills
- 11, Guelph Drumlin Field



Drawn:	MM	Title	PHYSIOGRAPHIC MAP
Approved:	KM	Project	HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION 5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario
Date:	SEP. 2021	Project No.:	
		2100428AH	
		Client	Hillsburgh Heights Inc.
			FIGURE 3

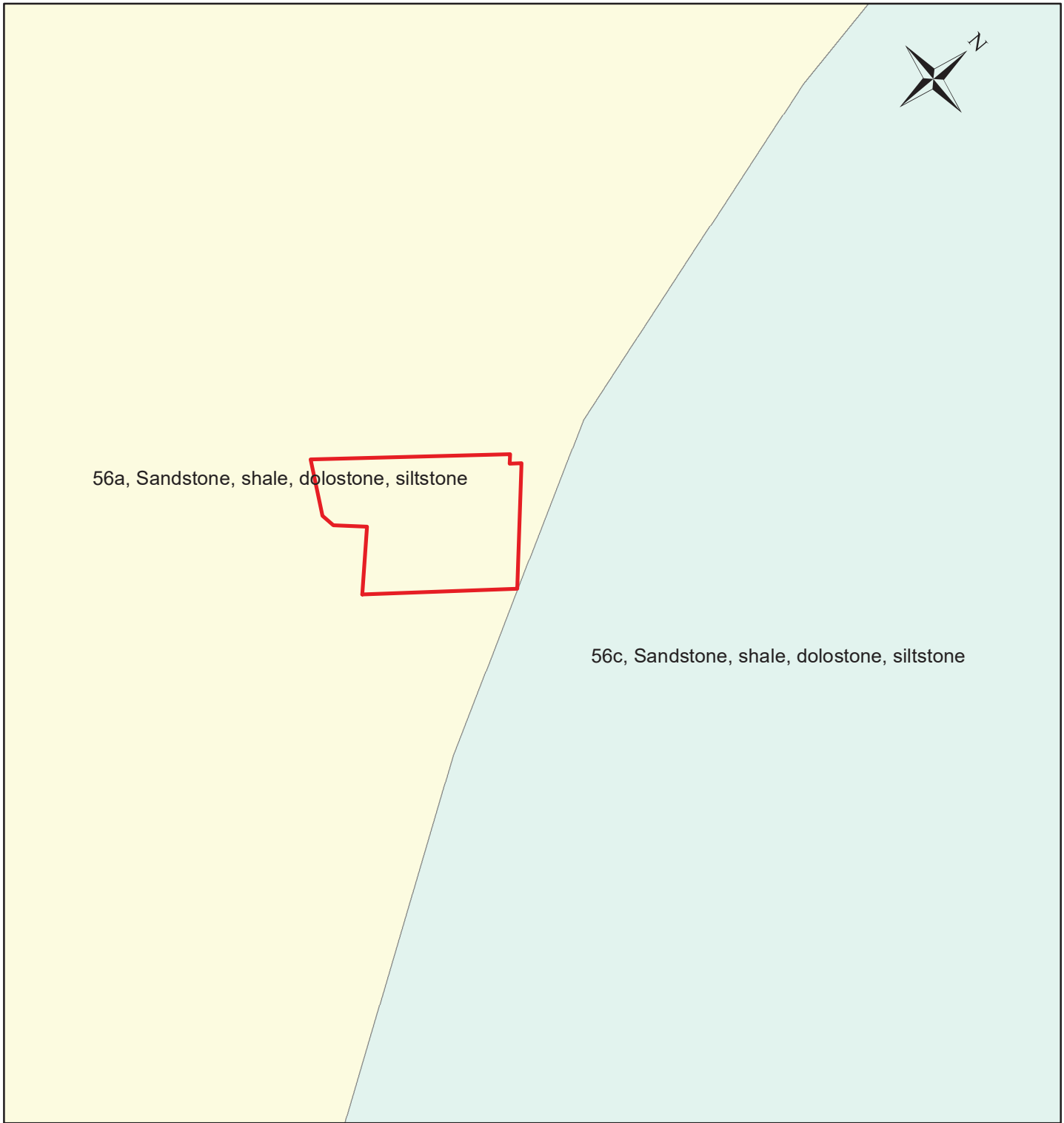


Legend

- Site Boundary
- 5b: Stone-poor, carbonate-derived silty to sandy till
- 6: Ice-contact stratified deposits
- 7: Glaciofluvial deposits
- 7a: Sandy deposits
- 9c: Foreshore-basinal deposits
- 19: Modern alluvial deposits
- 20: Organic deposits

Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Swisstopo, GEBCO, CNR, IGN, CSRS, NRC, GEBCO, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors

Drawn:	MM	Title	SURFICIAL GEOLOGY
Approved:	KM	Project	HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION 5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario
Date:	SEP. 2021		
Project No.:	2100428AH		
		Client	Hillsburgh Heights Inc.
			FIGURE 4




Legend

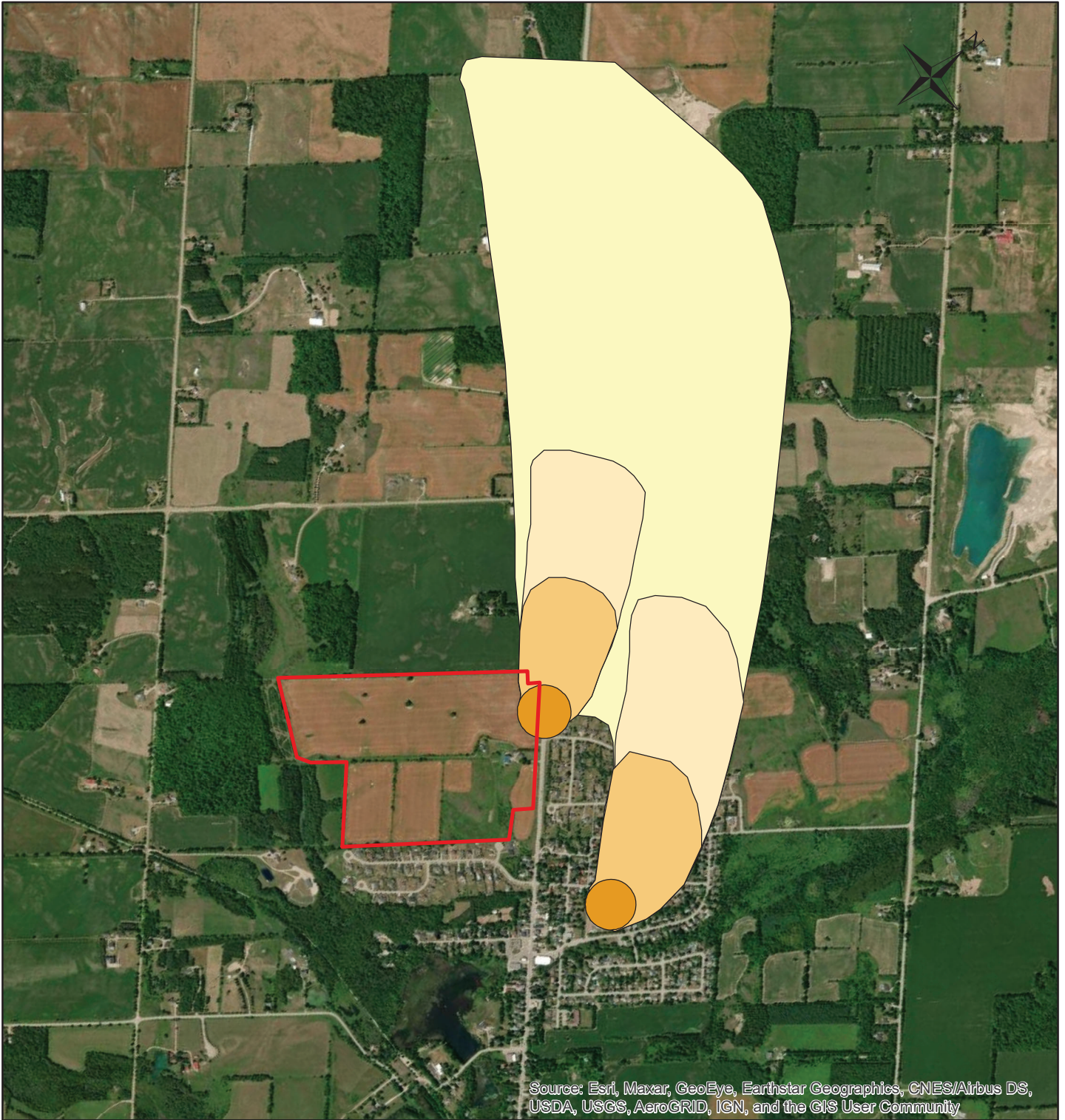
 Site Boundary

Bedrock Formation

 56a, Guelph Formation



 56c, Armabel Formation

Drawn: MM	Title BEDROCK GEOLOGY	
Approved: KM	Project	
Date: SEP. 2021	HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION 5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario	
Project No.: 2100428AH		
	Client Hillsburgh Heights Inc.	
	0 210 420 840 Meters	FIGURE 5



Legend

- Site Boundary
- WHPA-A
- WHPA-B
- WHPA-C
- WHPA-D

Drawn: MM	Title WELLHEAD PROTECTION AREA CLOSE TO SITE	
Approved: KM	Project	
Date: NOV. 2021	HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION 5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario	
Project No.: 2100428AH		
	Client Hillsburgh Heights Inc.	
		FIGURE 7

APPENDIX A

BOREHOLE LOGS AND GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS

PROJECT: Briarwood Hillsburgh Development
 CLIENT: Briarwood Homes
 PROJECT LOCATION: 5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario
 DATUM: Geodetic
 BH LOCATION: See Borehole Location Plan N 4849474.973 E 568214.5891

DRILLING DATA
 Method: Hollow Stem Auger
 Diameter: 150mm
 Date: Sep-07-2021
 REF. NO.: 2100428AH
 DRAWING NO.: 2

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	POCKET PEN. (Cu) (kPa)	NATURAL UNIT WT (kN/m ³)	REMARKS AND GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
(m) ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" BLOWS 0.3 m			20	40	60	80						
473.5	Topsoil: 200mm															
0.0 473.3	Sandy Silt: trace gravel/cobbles, trace clay, trace rootlets, oxidized, greyish brown, moist, loose to compact	1	SS	4												
0.2		2	SS	12												
1		3	SS	23												
2		4	SS	23												
3																
470.4	Sand and gravel: trace silt, trace clay, brown, moist, loose to very dense	5	SS	39												
4		6	SS	50/150												
5		7	SS	67												
6																
7																

Continued Next Page

GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS

Measurement 1st 2nd 3rd 4th

GRAPH NOTES

+ 3, × 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity

○ = 3% Strain at Failure

PROJECT: Briarwood Hillsburgh Development
 CLIENT: Briarwood Homes
 PROJECT LOCATION: 5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario
 DATUM: Geodetic
 BH LOCATION: See Borehole Location Plan N 4849474.973 E 568214.5891

DRILLING DATA
 Method: Hollow Stem Auger
 Diameter: 150mm
 Date: Sep-07-2021
 REF. NO.: 2100428AH
 DRAWING NO.: 2

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					POCKET PEN. (Cu) (kPa)	NATURAL UNIT WT (kN/m ³)	REMARKS AND GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)					
(m) ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" BLOWS 0.3 m	SHEAR STRENGTH (kPa)							W _p	W	W _L	GR SA SI CL	
8	Sand and gravel: trace silt, trace clay, brown, moist, loose to very dense(Continued)		8	SS	13	Screen													
9																			
463.7			9	SS	6														
9.8	End of Borehole: borehole terminated at 9.8m 1) 50 mm diameter monitoring well installed upon completion. Upon completion: open & dry																		

GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS
 Measurement

GRAPH NOTES + 3, × 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ s=3% Strain at Failure

PROJECT: Briarwood Hillsburgh Development
 CLIENT: Briarwood Homes
 PROJECT LOCATION: 5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario
 DATUM: Geodetic
 BH LOCATION: See Borehole Location Plan N 4849079.566 E 567864.1193

DRILLING DATA
 Method: Hollow Stem Auger
 Diameter: 150mm
 Date: Sep-07-2021
 REF. NO.: 2100428AH
 DRAWING NO.: 3

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	POCKET PEN. (Cu) (kPa)	NATURAL UNIT WT (kN/m ³)	REMARKS AND GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
(m) ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" BLOWS 0.3 m	20	40	60							80
469.4	0.0	Topsoil:300mm															
469.1	0.3	Silty sand to sandy silt till: trace clay, trace gravel/cobble, trace rootlets, brown, moist, loose to compact	1	SS	6												
			2	SS	23												
467.9	1.5	Sandy silt till: trace gravel, brown, moist, dense to very dense	3	SS	52												
				4	SS	44											
				5	SS	39											
				6	SS50/125mm												
				7	SS50/75mm												
463.2	6.2	End of Borehole:borehole terminated at 6.2m 1) 50 mm diameter monitoring well installed upon completion. Upon completion: open & dry															

GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS
 Measurement 1st 2nd 3rd 4th

GRAPH NOTES + 3, x 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ s=3% Strain at Failure

PROJECT: Briarwood Hillsburgh Development
 CLIENT: Briarwood Homes
 PROJECT LOCATION: 5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario
 DATUM: Geodetic
 BH LOCATION: See Borehole Location Plan N 4849170.944 E 568075.1217

DRILLING DATA
 Method: Hollow Stem Auger
 Diameter: 150mm
 Date: Sep-07-2021
 REF. NO.: 2100428AH
 DRAWING NO.: 4

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	POCKET PEN. (Cu) (kPa)	NATURAL UNIT WT (kN/m ³)	REMARKS AND GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)							
(m) ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" BLOWS 0.3 m			20	40	60	80							100	20	40	60	80	100	10
471.0																								
0.0	Topsoil: 300mm																							
470.7			1	SS	8																			
0.3	Silty sand: trace gravel, trace rootlets, greyish brown, moist, loose																							
			2	SS	9																			
469.5																								
1.5	Sand and gravel: trace silt, some cobbles, brown, moist, dense to very dense		3	SS	36																			
			4	SS	37																			
			5	SS	39																			
			6	SS50/130mm																				
			7	SS50/75mm																				
464.7																								
6.3	End of Borehole: borehole terminated at 6.3m 1) 50 mm diameter monitoring well installed upon completion. Upon completion: open & dry																							

GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS
 Measurement 1st 2nd 3rd 4th

GRAPH NOTES + 3, x 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ s=3% Strain at Failure

PROJECT: Briarwood Hillsburgh Development
 CLIENT: Briarwood Homes
 PROJECT LOCATION: 5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario
 DATUM: Geodetic
 BH LOCATION: See Borehole Location Plan N 4848881.638 E 568028.4108

DRILLING DATA
 Method: Hollow Stem Auger
 Diameter: 150mm
 Date: Sep-07-2021
 REF. NO.: 2100428AH
 DRAWING NO.: 5

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	POCKET PEN. (Cu) (kPa)	NATURAL UNIT WT (kN/m ³)	REMARKS AND GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)								
(m) ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" BLOWS 0.3 m	20	40	60							80	100	20	40	60	80	100	10
458.5	0.0	Topsoil:250mm																						
458.2	0.3	Sand and gravel: trace silt, trace clay, trace rootlets, some cobbles, brown, moist, loose to compact	1	SS	4																			
			2	SS	17																			
457.0	1.5	Silty clay: trace sand, trace gravel, brown, moist, hard	3	SS50/75mm																				
456.2	2.3	Sand and gravel: trace silt, trace clay, some cobbles, brown, moist, compact to very dense	4	SS50/130mm																				
			5	SS	18																			
			6	SS	30																			
			7	SS50/100mm																				
451.8	6.7	End of Borehole:borehole terminated at 6.7m 1) 50 mm diameter monitoring well installed upon completion. Upon completion: open & dry																						

GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS
 Measurement 1st 2nd 3rd 4th

GRAPH NOTES + 3, x 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ s=3% Strain at Failure

PROJECT: Briarwood Hillsburgh Development
 CLIENT: Briarwood Homes
 PROJECT LOCATION: 5916 Trafalgar Road North, Town of Erin, Ontario
 DATUM: Geodetic
 BH LOCATION: See Borehole Location Plan N 4849136.503 E 568418.3089

DRILLING DATA
 Method: Hollow Stem Auger
 Diameter: 150mm
 Date: Sep-07-2021
 REF. NO.: 2100428AH
 DRAWING NO.: 6

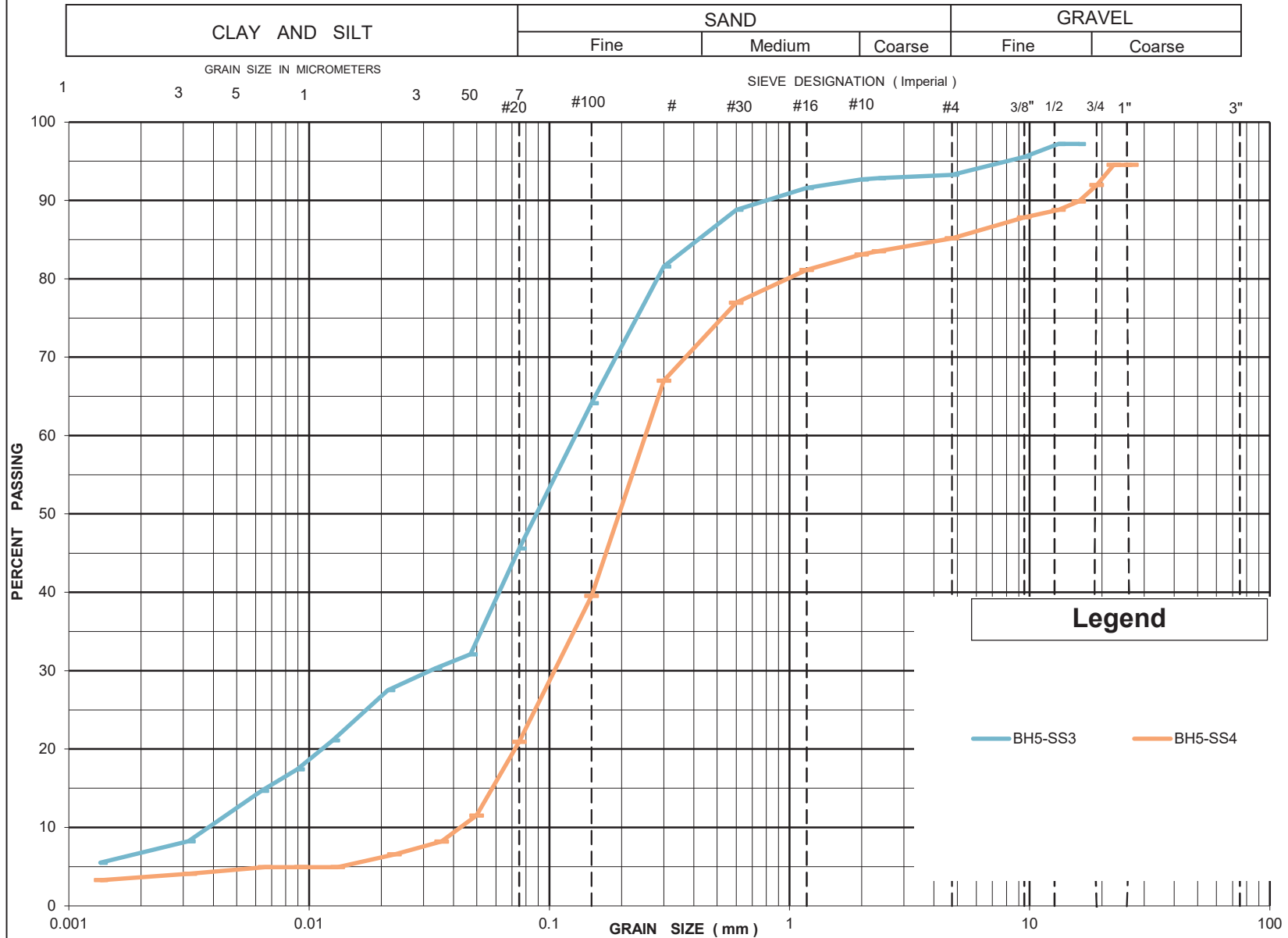
SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				PLASTIC NATURAL LIQUID LIMIT MOISTURE CONTENT			POCKET PEN. (Cu) (kPa)	NATURAL UNIT WT (kN/m ³)	REMARKS AND GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)		
(m) ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" BLOWS 0.3 m	20	40	60	80	100	W _p				w	W _L
454.0	0.0	Topsoil: 250mm				454												
453.8	0.3	Silty sand: trace clay, trace gravel, trace rootlets, brown, moist, loose	1	SS	5													
	1		2	SS	5													
	2		3	SS	7													7 47 39 7
451.7	2.3	Sand: some gravel, some silt, trace clay, brown, moist, compact to very dense	4	SS	12													15 64 17 4
	3		5	SS50/130mm														
	4																	
	5		6	SS	69													
	6																	
447.6	6.5	End of Borehole: borehole terminated at 6.5m 1) 50 mm diameter monitoring well installed upon completion. 2) Water Level Readings: Date: Sept 07, 2021 Water Level(mbg): 4.8	7	SS50/75mm														

GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS
 Measurement 1st 2nd 3rd 4th

GRAPH NOTES + 3, x 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ s=3% Strain at Failure

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

LS 702/D 422



GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

Drawing No : 2
 PROJECT # : 2100428AH
 DATE : Sept 23, 2021

APPENDIX B

INFILTRATION TESTS

FIELD MEASUREMENTS AND CALCULATIONS

Test Hole:	TP4
Tested By:	Bruce Kashani

Date:	07-Sep-21
Weather:	Cloud & windy
Depth to Water (m):	>6.5
Diameter (cm):	15

Project No.:	2100428AH
Depth to bedrock (m):	N/A
Depth (cm):	220

Horizon (m)	Soil Texture	Soil color	Comments
0.0 - 0.25	Topsoil	Brown, black	
0.25 - 2.20	Sandy silt	Brown	

Time (min)	Water Depth (cm)
0	15.00
2	30.00
5	38.00
12	42.00
20	53.00
30	58.00
40	63.00
50	68.00

Δt (min)	Δh (cm)	Inf. Rate (cm/min)	Inf. Rate (mm/hr)	Percolation time (min/cm)	Average (min/cm)
2	15.00	7.5	4500.0		
3	8.00	2.7	1600.0	0.38	
7	4.00	0.6	342.9	1.75	
8	11.00	1.4	825.0	0.73	
10	5.00	0.5	300.0	2.00	
10	5.00	0.5	300.0	2.00	
10	5.00	0.5	300.0	2.00	2.0

Test Hole:	TP1
Tested By:	Bruce Kashani

Date:	01-Sep-21
Weather:	Sunny
Depth to Water (m):	>6.5
Diameter (cm):	15

Project No.:	2100428AH
Depth to bedrock (m):	N/A
Depth (cm):	240

Horizon (m)	Soil Texture	Soil color	Comments
0.0 - 0.20	Topsoil	Brown, black	
0.20 - 2.40	Sandy silt to silty sand with gravel and cobbles	Brown	

Time (min)	Water Depth (cm)
0	30.00
2	60.00
5	75.00
10	83.00
20	105.00
30	115.00
40	125.00
50	135.00

Δt (min)	Δh (cm)	Inf. Rate (cm/min)	Inf. Rate (mm/hr)	Percolation time (min/cm)	Average (min/cm)
2	30.00	15.0	9000.0		
3	15.00	5.0	3000.0	0.20	
5	8.00	1.6	960.0	0.63	
10	22.00	2.2	1320.0	0.45	
10	10.00	1.0	600.0	1.00	
10	10.00	1.0	600.0	1.00	
10	10.00	1.0	600.0	1.00	1.0

Test Hole:	TP2
Tested By:	Bruce Kashani

Date:	07-Sep-21
Weather:	Cloud & windy
Depth to Water (m):	>6.5
Diameter (cm):	15

Project No.:	2100428AH
Depth to bedrock (m):	N/A
Depth (cm):	240

Horizon (m)	Soil Texture	Soil color	Comments
0.0 - 0.30	Topsoil	Brown, black	
0.30 - 1.50	Silty sand to sandy silt with gravel and cobbles	Brown	
1.50 - 2.40	Sandy silt till	Brown	

Time (min)	Water Depth (cm)
0	30
2	33
6	39
11	45
16	48
21	49
26	50
31	51
36	52

Δt (min)	Δh (cm)	Inf. Rate (cm/min)	Inf. Rate (mm/hr)	Percolation time (min/cm)	Average (min/cm)
2	3.00	1.5	900.0		
4	6.00	1.5	900.0	0.67	
5	6.00	1.2	720.0	0.83	
5	3.00	0.6	360.0	1.67	
5	1.00	0.2	120.0	5.00	
5	1.00	0.2	120.0	5.00	
5	1.00	0.2	120.0	5.00	
5	1.00	0.2	120.0	5.00	5.0

Test Hole:	TP3
Tested By:	Bruce Kashani

Date:	07-Sep-21
Weather:	Cloud & windy
Depth to Water (m):	>6.5
Diameter (cm):	15

Project No.:	2100428AH
Depth to bedrock (m):	N/A
Depth (cm):	185

Horizon (m)	Soil Texture	Soil color	Comments
0.0 - 0.25	Topsoil	Brown, black	
0.25 - 1.50	Sand and gravel	Brown	
1.50 - 2.30	Silty caly	Brown	
1.50 - 1.85	Sand and gravel	Brown	

Time (min)	Water Depth (cm)
0	18
2	36
6	55
9	62
12	68
15	74
18	80
21	86

Δt (min)	Δh (cm)	Inf. Rate (cm/min)	Inf. Rate (mm/hr)	Percolation time (min/cm)	Average (min/cm)
2	18.00	9.0	5400.0		
4	19.00	4.8	2850.0	0.21	
3	7.00	2.3	1400.0	0.43	
3	6.00	2.0	1200.0	0.50	
3	6.00	2.0	1200.0	0.50	
3	6.00	2.0	1200.0	0.50	
3	6.00	2.0	1200.0	0.50	0.5

APPENDIX C
**INFORMATION ON WATER WELL RECORDS
RECEIVED FROM MECP**

Water Well Record

WELL_ID	BOREHOLE ID	Easting	Northing	Well Depth (m)	Water Table Depth (m)	Date Completed	Final Status
5737485	10541210	568049	4848857	47.2	31.4	10-Dec-02	Water Supply
6700714	10464860	568613	4849152	33.5	19.8	19-Oct-57	Water Supply
6700738	10464884	568722	4849243	45.7	10.4	16-Feb-65	Water Supply
6700740	10464886	568722	4849233	42.7	12.2	04-Aug-58	Water Supply
6700741	10464887	568764	4849146	25.9	4.3	20-May-60	Water Supply
6700742	10464888	568801	4849079	29.9	6.1	21-Mar-61	Water Supply
6703364	10467506	568294	4849423	68.6	25.9	05-Feb-69	Water Supply
6703528	10467665	568634	4848703	54.9	7.6	05-Aug-69	Water Supply
6703896	10468025	568514	4848713	50.3	8.5	01-Apr-71	Water Supply
6703961	10468086	567144	4849103	41.8	15.2	14-Jun-71	Water Supply
6704469	10468577	568174	4849553	88.4	42.1	22-Sep-72	Water Supply
6704716	10468823	568914	4849033	45.7	2.4	11-May-73	Water Supply
6704913	10469017	568918	4849017	74.7	4.6	25-Oct-73	Water Supply
6704915	10469019	568749	4849470	47.2	13.7	20-Sep-73	Water Supply
6704918	10469022	568725	4849314	27.7	9.8	18-Sep-73	Water Supply
6705909	10469993	568614	4849343	46.6	9.8	08-Jul-75	Water Supply
6705915	10469999	567864	4849643	68.0	35.1	05-Jun-75	Water Supply
6705933	10470017	568514	4849213	35.1	12.5	30-May-75	Water Supply
6706282	10470362	568764	4849423	27.4	12.8	16-Oct-76	Water Supply
6706584	10470660	568814	4849373	53.0	0.9	20-May-77	Water Supply
6706900	10470970	568564	4848773	60.0	7.6	29-Apr-78	Water Supply
6707164	10471227	568564	4848823	29.0	6.4	09-Jan-79	Water Supply
6707358	10471410	568714	4848823	32.9	3.7	18-Apr-80	Water Supply
6707813	10471818	568814	4849473	32.0	12.2	29-Apr-83	Water Supply
6707821	10471826	568814	4849473	20.4	12.8	08-Jun-83	Water Supply
6707858	10471859	568614	4849323	36.6	14.9	06-Jul-83	Water Supply
6707861	10471862	568664	4848923	36.6	2.4	12-May-83	Water Supply
6708154	10472069	568752	4849492	19.2	12.2	29-Jun-84	Water Supply
6708174	10472089	568803	4848861	22.9	2.1	18-Apr-84	Water Supply
6708346	10472255	568642	4848787	35.4	4.3	24-Jul-85	Water Supply
6708347	10472256	568847	4849569	33.5	12.2	04-Dec-85	Water Supply
6708360	10472268	568714	4849447	33.5	14.3	18-Dec-85	Water Supply
6708365	10472273	568793	4848858	34.1	3.0	24-Dec-85	Water Supply
6708389	10472295	567929	4848635	41.1	6.4	09-May-85	Water Supply
6708413	10472319	568828	4849519	33.5	10.7	07-Apr-86	Water Supply
6708616	10472508	568719	4849027	29.6	8.8	01-Dec-86	Water Supply
6708625	10472517	568732	4849358	23.5	10.7	11-Aug-86	Water Supply
6708826	10472716	568676	4849428	15.2	6.7	13-Apr-87	Water Supply
6709042	10472915	568731	4849270	48.2	12.2	10-Dec-87	Water Supply
6709050	10472923	568646	4848767	57.0	5.5	30-Nov-87	Water Supply
6709156	10473026	568808	4849283	51.8	7.6	12-Jan-88	Water Supply
6709157	10473027	568786	4849305	30.2	7.6	09-Dec-87	Water Supply
6709502	10473351	568399	4849055	15.2	5.5	20-Dec-88	Water Supply
6709578	10473427	568859	4848859	49.7	7.0	15-Dec-88	Water Supply
6710235	10474082	568896	4848874	32.0	2.7	27-Jul-89	Water Supply
6710806	10474647	568559	4848525	25.6	3.0	24-Jul-91	Water Supply
6710809	10474650	568682	4848850	34.1	6.7	24-May-91	Water Supply
6711075	10474916	568765	4848930	57.0	4.3	30-Oct-92	Water Supply
6711348	10475182	568741	4849173	48.8	12.2	19-Oct-93	Water Supply
6711628	10475461	568665	4849244	44.2	16.8	27-Oct-94	Water Supply
6712031	10475864	568983	4849133	57.9	1.8	01-May-96	Water Supply
6712436	10476269	568623	4849076	39.6	9.8	30-Jul-97	Water Supply
6713318	10477151	568660	4849130	49.4	8.5	26-Jan-00	Water Supply
6713603	10477436	568730	4848645	29.6	3.0	22-Nov-00	Water Supply
6713631	10477464	568677	4849256	51.8	15.2	09-Jan-01	Water Supply
6713887	10523019	568753	4849068	29.0	8.5	04-Oct-01	Water Supply
6713900	10523032	568707	4848838	38.1	4.3	25-Oct-01	Water Supply
6714075	10528610	568602	4849240	38.4	17.4	18-Jun-02	Water Supply
6714666	10548217	567286	4848578	72.5	34.1	09-Oct-03	Water Supply
6715166	11179802	568963	4848990			10-Dec-04	Abandoned
6715250	11327036	568800	4848921	4.3		10-Feb-05	Abandoned
6715394	11327180	568714	4848856	30.5	5.2	04-Jul-05	Water Supply
6715503	11327289	568674	4848836			02-Sep-05	Abandoned
6715772	11558293	568669	4848773	30.5	6.1	15-Jun-06	Water Supply
6715910	11695692	568647	4848772	30.5	7.0	06-Sep-06	Water Supply
7050905	23050905	568707	4848791	30.5	5.2	01-Oct-07	Water Supply
7105350	1001599370	568636	4848799			05-May-08	Abandoned
7113491	1001839380	568822	4849009	27.7	3.4	07-May-08	Water Supply
7118031	1001955780	568633	4848757	44.8	7.0	25-Sep-08	Water Supply
7127280	1002637730	568907	4849107			02-Jun-09	Abandoned
7127282	1002637730	568897	4849121	25.0	2.7	09-Jun-09	Water Supply

Water Well Record

WELL_ID	BOREHOLE ID	Easting	Northing	Well Depth (m)	Water Table Depth (m)	Date Completed	Final Status
7139080	1002932280	568847	4849013			14-Aug-08	Abandoned
7139081	1002932280	568822	4849009			14-Aug-09	Not Stated
7160498	1003486390	568701	4848883	18.3	3.7	23-Feb-11	Water Supply
7165335	1003534010	568704	4848886			13-Jun-11	Abandoned
7174984	1003633140	568777	4848996			12-Nov-11	Abandoned
7191665	1004205580	568807	4848962			25-Sep-12	Abandoned
7194971	1004232460	568816	4849025			06-Nov-12	Abandoned
7197600	1004256250	568757	4849009			20-Dec-12	Abandoned
7201338	1004288380	568860	4848987			25-Apr-13	Abandoned
7201342	1004288390	568787	4848856			25-Apr-13	Abandoned
7219237	1004731810	567841	4849446			15-Sep-13	Abandoned
7249486	1005717520	568647	4849158			02-Sep-15	Abandoned
7264117	1006030530	568708	4849044			29-May-16	Not Stated
7266474	1006141900	568742	4849038	23.5	6.4	11-Apr-16	Water Supply
7278147	1006322440	568644	4849203			21-Dec-16	Abandoned
7304154	1006975720	568993	4849166	7.6		03-Nov-17	Monitoring and Test Hole
7305135	1006981980	568902	4848916	4.6		29-Nov-17	Monitoring and Test Hole
7305136	1006981980	568773	4848902	5.5		24-Nov-17	Monitoring and Test Hole
7305137	1006981980	568924	4848896	4.6		24-Nov-17	Monitoring and Test Hole

APPENDIX D

DRAWINGS PROVIDED BY THE CLIENT



ROADWAY/WALKWAY	8.79ha
RESIDENTIAL	11.93ha
RESIDENTIAL (TOWNHOUSING)	5.13ha
SCHOOL	2.27ha
PARK	1.75ha
POND	4.09ha
FUTURE DEVELOPMENT	6.36ha
TOTAL	40.32ha

NO.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY

HILLSBURGH HEIGHTS INC.
 RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION
 5616 TRAFALGAR ROAD NORTH
 PART 1 OF PLAN 61R-8590
 PART OF LOT 26, CONCESSION 7
 HILLSBURGH URBAN AREA
 TOWN OF ERIN

WATER BALANCE AREA PLAN

DRAWN BY: S.G.K. PROJECT NO: W21081
 CHECKED BY: D.K.H. DRAWING NO: **WBAP-1**
 SCALE: 1:1000
 DATE: JAN. 23rd 2023